

HOME RULE BILL FOR COUNTIES IS ALIVE IN HOUSE

Nine Republicans Assist in Giving the Measure a Chance by Passing Its First Reading.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

"For the purpose of harmony," as some of the members of the Republican wing expressed it, but for a deeper reason, according to many outsiders who have viewed the movements of the Legislature recently, the Home Rule County Bill, rejected by the House two weeks ago, was taken from the table, passed first reading, ordered to print, and thus put in line for consideration, as soon as it can be had out of the hands of the printer.

This action of the House, taken early yesterday, was perhaps the most important thing done, and with the addition of the passing to second reading, after discussion in Committee of the Whole House, of the Fire Claims appropriation bill, practically sums up the hard work of the House yesterday. There was the usual number of resolutions for appropriations and notices of bills, with several introductions of measures, but withal there was nothing done which upheld the promise of hard work by the lower body. The County bill, which is now the order of the day, has not been laid on the tables of the members, and consequently has not had its test. There was a well defined rumor yesterday that the Home Rulers would try and prevent consideration of the bill until their own measure was printed and placed before the members, but this could not be verified, and was strenuously denied by one of the Republicans who voted to take the minority measure off the table.

The Senate worked a little, discussing the measure of Kalaokalani to license dressmakers, to some extent. The matter was finally laid over for consideration with the license section of the county bill, it appearing that its object was to license establishments, while as worded it would compel every woman who sews to take out a license.

IN THE HOUSE

Under the calling of the order of business in the House, Lewis presented the petition of residents, owners and claimants of homesteads in what is known as the Kalawiki tract, South Hilo, for roads to their property.

The Printing committee reported a number of bills as ready for distribution, and they were laid on the desks of members.

WANT NEW ROADS.

The public lands committee reported a number of appropriations recommended, principally for roads, as follows: \$10,000 for making a sufficient reservoir and the supplying of the District of Waimea with water pipes; \$1,000 for Kulouou road; \$1,500 for Anapuni street; \$3,000 for Kaula lane; \$3,000 for Waialae road; \$1,500 for Waiupe road; \$1,500 for Kawaiahae street; \$1,500 for Kawaiahae lane; \$1,500 for Ni'u road; \$1,000 for macadamizing receiving station road; \$8,000 for a cemented and rock-filled breakwater at the Hookena landing; \$3,000 for stone and concrete bridge for Koholalele, Oahu; \$3,000 for new fire station in Kalihi; \$2,000 for breakwater at Kalahele, Oahu.

RESOLUTIONS FOR CASH.

Koolawa presented a resolution asking for an appropriation of \$400 each for jails at Pahoa and Kapaemahu, Puna.

Paele asked for \$500 for a school house at Koolau-poko.

Lewis presented a request for \$20,000 for repairs and changes in the Hilo Hospital, and \$9,000 for maintaining and running the same.

Harris asked that \$40,000 be inserted in the appropriation bill for an exhibit of Hawaii at the St. Louis exposition in 1904.

KANIHO AND STEAMERS.

Kaniho introduced the element of the unusual into the proceedings by presenting a long resolution setting forth that since the various island steamers had raised the price of deck passages, and as the granting of a subsidy would mean the placing of the steamer company under obligations to the people, that the following subsidies be granted to the steamers: Kinai, \$4,000; Mauna Loa, \$5,000; Claudine, \$3,000; W. G. Hall and Mikahala, \$2,500; each sum biennially. He asked also the following appropriations: Road from Pahala to Kapapala, \$800; road from Puhia to Honuapo, \$800.

Kaili asked these appropriations: Breakwater, Waimea river at Waimea, \$30,000; Koloa wharf, \$1,000; roads, Molokai to Hanalei, \$19,000.

Nekaleka asked the following appropriations: Road, Lelanapio to Kalahele, \$2,000; Molokai bridge, \$1,000; derelict at landing, Waialua, \$2,000. Hala presented a resolution asking \$1,200 for jail and cottage at Kipahulu, and then presented his bill providing that attorneys with license to practice in the district courts shall practice in circuit courts on appeal; also repealing section 589 of the penal laws.

HOME RULE COUNTY BILL.

At this point Kupieha, who, by the way, had not voted with the majority, moved to take the county bill from the table, and Republicans led by Kumalae voted with the Home Rulers, ten Republicans opposing. The bill was then passed first reading. The Republicans who stood against the Home Rule bill were Harris, Knudsen, Chillingworth, Gandall, Andrade, Jaeger, Greenwell, Lewis, Kalamia, and Kaili. Hala voted under a misapprehension, thinking it was to bring up the Republican bill. Andrade presented a report from the judiciary committee, recommending a number of small appropriations for jails. A resolution favoring the Long bill was recommended to lie on the table pending the county bill consideration. Jaeger reported from the miscellaneous committee consideration of several measures, calling attention at the same time to the fact that one petition referred to it prayed for a postoffice, but this was entirely a matter for the Federal government.

AFTER RAPID TRANSIT.

Kellinot was permitted to present the following resolution:

"Whereas, The Rapid Transit and Land Company made and entered into a legal agreement with the Government of the Territory of Hawaii, agreeing to give the government one-half of their profits over and above 8 per cent on the capital of the company, which was then \$500,000; and

"Whereas, It is understood the said company has since watered its stock to the extent of \$500,000, and, in addition to this, it is further said that the company is placing a large amount of their profits in a construction fund in which the government has no interest or account; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to investigate the agreement, books and accounts of said company and to ascertain the amounts of money that should revert to the government under the aforesaid agreement."

The resolution was passed, and the Chair, Mr. Knudsen, appointed as the committee Messrs. Kellinot, Jaeger and Purdy.

NEW BILLS PRESENTED.

When the afternoon business began Lewis introduced his measure for the relief of Antone G. Serrao, which passed first reading.

Vida presented his measure for the provision of a home for needy Hawaiians, and setting aside Kaili detention camp for that purpose, and it passed first reading. He also gave notice that he would present a bill setting aside lands at Makiki and Kailua for public recreation grounds, and the measures were presented under suspension of the rules and passed first reading.

Pail presented a resolution appropriating \$2,000 for improving the fishmarket at Lahaina.

Pulua gave notice that he would introduce bills to amend sections 3 and 10 of act 21 of 1893, relating to gambling, and section 1 of chapter 37 of the penal code as amended.

Nakaleka served notice that he would present a bill to repeal section 122 of the penal laws of 1897.

Kupieha presented a resolution providing an appropriation of \$5,000 to build a road from Twisted to Kaili Detention Camp, and \$2,500 for macadamizing Puhia road from the beach to the Railroad station.

COFFEE RESOLUTION.

The Wright resolution providing for an appropriation of \$5,000 to send A. L. Louissou to Washington to work for a coffee bounty was brought up, and Wright moved its adoption. On motion of Aylett the resolution was sent to the committee on agriculture and manufactures.

FIRE CLAIMS APPROPRIATION.

Senate Bill No. 6, on second reading, became the order of the day. This is the bill providing for the special appropriation to cover expenses of the fire claims payment. The consideration of the bill was objected to by Kaniho who wanted it printed first.

The Speaker said the matter was of such importance that he would suggest that there be no delay, such as would follow printing.

The bill was then read in full, the members copying it entire. On motion of Kumalae the bill was referred to committee of the whole, and Kumalae was called to the chair.

On motion of Kaniho the rules were suspended and the members removed coats and lighted every kind of smoking apparatus, from Testa's time-honored and loud-talking briar to the polished calabash of Kalamia, passing through all stages of cigarettes and cheroots.

The bill was read section by section. Kaniho began the argument by moving to cut down the appropriation to \$25,000, saying the resolution of the House specified that sum. Pulua took the same grounds, and Aylett and Andrade argued that the full amount of \$30,000 should be appropriated.

Kaniho wanted the million brought down and paid out, even if the bonds

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PRINCE KUNUIAKEA JOINS THE MAJORITY



PRINCE ALBERT KUNUIAKEA.

Last of the Kamehameha Heirs to Hawaii's Throne Will Be Buried Sunday in the Royal Mausoleum in Nuuanu.

(From Wednesday's daily.)

Prince Albert Kukailimoku Kunuiakea, the last heir of the Kamehameha dynasty to the throne of Hawaii, died yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock in a residence on the Beach road, where the death of the Princess Ninito also occurred some years ago. Death came after an illness of several weeks. The remains were removed during the evening to the late Prince's residence in Palama, near the home of Hon. W. C. Achi, where they will lie in state until Sunday afternoon when the funeral will take place.

In the interim the body will be given all royal honors, as is the custom upon the death of members of the royal family and of chiefs, male and female, and the remains will be interred at the Royal Mausoleum in Nuuanu Valley with the rest of the Kamehamehas. The funeral arrangements have not been perfected and may not be announced until Thursday. A large number of kahilis are being made for use about the bier and for the funeral services. The body will lie in state today from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m., and each day thereafter until Sunday. Prince Albert left a widow.

Prince Albert Kukailimoku Kunuiakea was born on June 18, 1851, at Kuahelani, now the site of Central Union Church. He was named after the two ancient gods of Hawaii of that name and was brought up from infancy in the old toluai Palace by Kamehameha III and his consort Queen Kalamia. After the death of Kamehameha III he resided in "Kinai Hale" with the Dowager Queen Kalamia and later on removed with her majesty to "Haimolpo," a residence that had been built for them across the street from the palace. The site is now the lower part of Miller street next to the Capitol gate. Prince Albert first attended school at Dr. Gulick's. Then he was sent to the Roman Catholic College at Ahulumanu and studied under the Rev. Father

Walsh. A few years later he was sent by the Queen Dowager Kalamia to Europe in care of William Pfleger, but after arriving at San Francisco the Prince became discontented and homesick and insisted upon returning here. It was the wish of Kamehameha III that the Prince should receive a European education in the hope that he would some day succeed to the throne.

Had the Kamehameha dynasty continued in power Prince Albert Kunuiakea would surely have been king, for he was next in line to Princess Ruth, Queen Emma and the Princess Bernice Pauahi Bishop, all of whom he has outlived. But Kalamia's election changed all things for him and prevented him from holding the scepter. He was without a doubt the heir presumptive to the throne of Hawaii.

Prince Albert's mother was the chiefess Jane Lahilahi Kaeo (nee Young), the daughter of the high chiefess Kaonanea and John Young, the latter one of Kamehameha I's white advisers. The high chiefess Kaonanea was the daughter of Prince Kalaninuiamoku (k) and Kanihikokalani (w). Kekunuiakemoku (k) was the son of Kalaninuiamamao (k) and Ahia (w). Kalaninuiamamao (k) was the son of Keavenul (k) and Lonomakana (w).

Through his father, Kamehameha III, Prince Albert Kukailimoku Kunuiakea was the grandson of Kamehameha I and his consort Queen Keopuolani, and through his mother, the chiefess Jane Lahilahi Kaeo (nee Young), Prince Albert's great-grandfather was Prince Kalaninuiamoku (k) and his brother Kamehameha I.

During the regime of the Provisional Government Prince Albert Kunuiakea had a seat in the House of Representatives of Hawaii.

JURY SAYS JACKSON IS NOT GUILTY OF SETTING FIRE THAT BURNED FRIEL RESIDENCE

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

After being out for an hour last night the jury in the case of Nigel Jackson, charged with burning the Friel residence on the morning of October 30, brought in a verdict of not guilty at five minutes after midnight.

The jury for the trial of the case was secured shortly after the opening of court yesterday morning and was as follows: Herman Meek, A. E. Lloyd, James Steiner, E. A. Ross, N. Peterson, J. McKeague, D. M. Ross, E. R. Adams, Vincent Fernandez, M. W. Parkhurst, D. L. Austin, E. O. White.

The evidence of the prosecution was almost entirely circumstantial. The Watsons, E. B. Friel and others testified as to the destruction of the house but there was no evidence that Jackson had been there at the time the fire started. After some objection Judge De Bolt allowed the introduction of evidence of threats made by the defendant against the inmates of the house, as showing motive. A letter written by Jackson to the Advertiser in which he was said to have threatened the Watsons could not be found and secondary evidence



NIGEL JACKSON.

was presented. Mary Bowler testified that she had heard Jackson tell his wife that he would burn the house unless she did as he requested. This happened three years ago.

Mr. Friel testified that there was nothing of a combustible nature in the house excepting a can of kerosene in the pantry, and the fire did not originate there. The witness broke down when asked whose lives had been lost in the fire.

The prosecution was closed at five o'clock yesterday afternoon and at the

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PORTLAND, ORE., HAS GREAT FIRE ON WATERFRONT

A Destructive Cyclone Visits the City of Townsville, a Port of Queensland.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

PORTLAND, Ore., March 10.—Two fires occurred today at the Victoria dock, destroying 10,000 tons of wheat belonging to Canning, Wallace and Zan Bros. The Ash street dock and half a block on Albina street were also burned. The fires were of incendiary origin.

BRISBANE, March 10.—In a cyclone at Townsville, many were killed and injured. The hospital collapsed and six persons were killed. Many buildings were destroyed and hundred of people are homeless.

Townsville is a thriving place and an important seaport of North Queensland. It contains wooden buildings only and for this reason a cyclone would do great damage there. The town has one long main business street, lined on each side by one and two story structures. It has a large wool trade and considerable sugar is shipped from that point from the North Queensland cane fields.

NEW YORK, March 10.—"Nym Crinkle," the well-known journalist and author is dead.

"Nym Crinkle" won fame as a dramatic critic and author and served on various New York newspapers. His name was Andrew Carpenter Wheeler. He was born in New York in 1835. Among the best known of his works was: "The Twins," a comedy; "The Chronicles of Milwaukee;" "The Primrose Path of Dalliance;" and "Easter in a Hospital Bed." He lived for many years in New York hotels and was accounted a musical critic of great ability.

VIENNA, March 10.—The distress in Dalmatia is so great that people there are subsisting upon bark and herbs.

MANILA, March 10.—Crozier, editor of the American, has been found guilty of libeling Gen. George W. Davis.

BROOKLYN, March 10.—Two thousand workmen in the ship-building industry here are out on a strike.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—The Pennsylvania railroad has increased its capital stock to \$150,000,000.

PEKING, March 10.—The Boxers have been dispersed by the imperial troops and many of them beheaded.

BRITISH SOVEREIGNS CELEBRATE FORTIETH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY

LONDON, March 10.—The fortieth anniversary of the marriage of King Edward and Queen Alexandra was celebrated today with general enthusiasm.

No event in the life of King Edward, not excepting that of being born heir to the crown of England, has brought him so much real happiness and so much good fortune as his marriage, in 1863, to the Princess Alexandra, the beautiful and charming daughter of the King and Queen of Denmark. A truer or more noble woman has never graced a throne than Queen Alexandra; a better wife and mother no royal home has ever known. The first time that the Prince of Wales met the Danish princess was in the cathedral at Worms, in 1861. Later they were both guests of the Crown Prince of Prussia, and their attachment for each other was made apparent. Just before the prince became of age his betrothal was announced publicly, though the secret had been known to the inner circle of his relatives for about a month. The royal pair had an engagement of about six months, during which many preparations for the wedding occupied the interest of both England and Denmark. The Danes were enthusiastic over the marriage of their princess, and the "people's dowry," as it was called, amounted to 100,000 kroner. After the arrival of the bride in England there were various public receptions in London, and the princess was hailed everywhere with true British cordiality. The wedding ceremony took place in St. George's Chapel, Windsor, on March 10th, 1863, with all the pomp and gorgeous ceremonial befitting the occasion. From that day to this the popularity of Alexandra has been sure and steadfast. The sweetness and nobility of her character have endeared her to all the people and insured her a place of commanding influence in her present position as Queen of England.

NEW YORK, March 10.—In an authorized interview published today, ex-President Cleveland says that he is out of active politics.

ROME, March 10.—Fourteen Catholic priests have joined the independent Catholic church. The schism is daily growing in strength and members.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 10.—Reports from Guaymas show that the wireless telegraphy experiments across the Gulf of California have been successful.

BELLEVILLE, Ill., March 10.—Jehu Baker, former United States Minister to Venezuela and for one term Representative from Twenty-first Congressional district of Illinois, died here today, aged 81 years.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—W. K. Macomber, an Hawaiian half-white, has been left \$500,000 by the death of an aunt in Worcester Mass. Macomber came to the Mainland from Hawaii with the company of Hawaiian singers that went to the Buffalo Exposition over year ago.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—Senator Morgan announced that he is opposing the Panama Canal treaty because it does not embody either the law or the spirit of the Spooner law. Both sides agree there shall be an early vote and it is believed that this will be brought about within a week.